

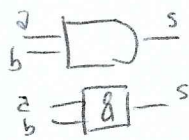
# TDF | Logique combinatoire

AVANT LE TD Rappelez les principales portes logiques et leurs tables de vérité ainsi que leurs symboles

ET

a	b	s
0	0	0
0	1	0
1	0	0
1	1	1

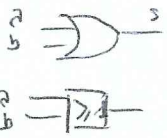
$$s = a \cdot b$$



OU

a	b	s
0	0	0
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	1

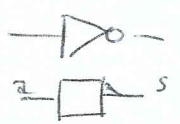
$$s = a + b$$



NON

a	b	s
0	0	1
0	1	0
1	0	0
1	1	1

$$s = \bar{a}$$

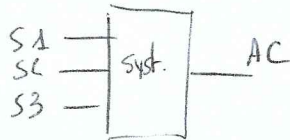


NOR = NON-OU  $s = \overline{a+b}$   
 NAND = NON-ET  $s = \overline{a \cdot b}$

OU-EXCLUSIF  $s = a \oplus b$   
 $s = a \cdot \bar{b} + \bar{a} \cdot b$

Utilité?  $\Rightarrow$  calcul multiplexage, décodage

Exercice 1:



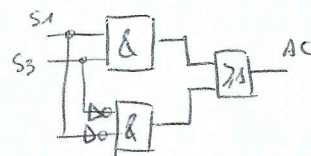
Q1

S1	S2	S3	AC
0	0	0	1
0	0	1	0
0	1	0	1
0	1	1	0
1	0	0	0
1	0	1	1
1	1	0	0
1	1	1	1

Q2  $AC = \bar{S}_1 \cdot \bar{S}_2 \cdot \bar{S}_3 + S_1 \cdot \bar{S}_2 \cdot S_3 + \bar{S}_1 \cdot S_2 \cdot \bar{S}_3 + S_1 \cdot S_2 \cdot S_3$

$AC = S_3 \cdot S_1(S_2 + \bar{S}_2) + \bar{S}_1 \cdot \bar{S}_3 \cdot (S_2 + \bar{S}_2)$   
 $AC = S_1 \cdot S_3 + \bar{S}_1 \cdot \bar{S}_3$

schema possible



Exercice 2

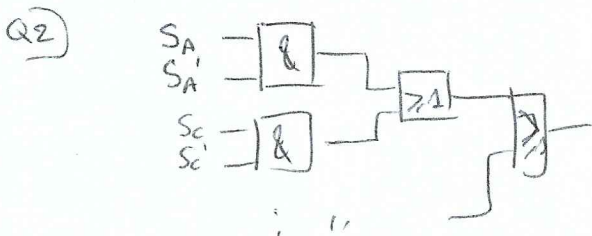
A = 41h = 0b 0100 0001
C = 43h = 0b 0100 0011
G = 47h = 0b 0100 0111
T = 54h = 0b 0101 0100

Q1  $S_A = \bar{b}_4 \cdot \bar{b}_2 \cdot \bar{b}_1 \cdot b_0$   
 $S_C = \bar{b}_4 \cdot \bar{b}_2 \cdot b_1 \cdot b_0$   
 $S_G = b_4 \cdot b_2 \cdot b_1 \cdot b_0$   
 $S_T = b_4 \cdot b_2 \cdot \bar{b}_1 \cdot \bar{b}_0$

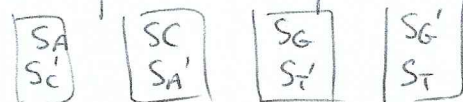
on peut aussi s'amuser à faire les schemas...

et si on a la lettre I = 49h en entree?

$\rightarrow$  détecter comme un A par notre système



Pareil pour les complémentaires avec les copies



$\rightarrow$  et si la lettre 'U'!